



## CHAPTER 48

An Act respecting the education of non-Roman Catholic,  
non-Protestant children in and around the city of  
Montreal

*[Assented to, the 4th of April, 1929]*

**H**IS MAJESTY, with the advice and consent of the  
Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly  
of Quebec, enacts as follows:

**1.** Sections 3, 4 and 5 of the act 13 George V, chapter 44, <sup>13 Geo. V, c.</sup>  
are repealed. <sup>44, ss. 3, 4,</sup>  
<sup>5, repealed.</sup>

**2.** Section 16 of the act 15 George V, chapter 45, as <sup>15 Geo. V, c.</sup>  
amended by the act 16 George V, chapter 47, section 1, <sup>45, s. 16,</sup>  
and as replaced by the acts 17 George V, chapter 42, <sup>am.</sup>  
section 2, and 18 George V, chapter 51, section 1, and  
again amended by the acts 18 George V, chapter 52, section  
1, and 18 George V, chapter 53, section 1, is again amended  
by replacing the first paragraph of subsection 2 thereof  
by the following:

“2. From and after the 1st of July, 1929, in the various <sup>Neutral</sup>  
cities, towns or other local municipalities mentioned in <sup>panel tax.</sup>  
subsection 1 of this section, there is hereby imposed a  
uniform tax at a rate of twelve mills in the dollar, upon  
all the immovable property inscribed in the neutral panel  
of each such city, town or local municipality, to be appor-  
tioned in the following manner:

*a.* The proceeds from ten mills are to be apportioned be-  
tween Protestant and Roman Catholic education propor-  
tionately to the number of Protestant and Roman Catholic  
children from five to sixteen years of age respectively,  
residing in the municipality, as appears by the school  
census of the previous year. In the city of Montreal,  
however, such apportionment shall be made between the  
Roman Catholic and Protestant School Boards in the

relative proportion of the Roman Catholic and Protestant populations in the said city according to the then last census. Notwithstanding the provisions of Part X of the Education Act (Revised Statutes, 1925, chapter 133) persons professing the Jewish religion shall not be considered as Protestants for the purposes of the aforesaid apportionment under this sub-paragraph *a*.

Proceeds from two mills.

*b*. The proceeds from the remaining two mills are to be regarded as specially set apart for the purpose of providing for the education of non-Roman Catholic, non-Protestant children, and are to be divided between Roman Catholic and Protestant education proportionately to the number of Jewish and other non-Roman Catholic, non-Protestant children in attendance in the schools of the Roman Catholic and Protestant school boards during the preceding school year. the said number in each municipality to be established by a report to be sent, on or before the 15th of September in each year, by each school board to the treasurer of the municipality concerned, duly certified by the chairman and secretary-treasurer of the board and approved by a resolution of the said board showing the total enrolment of the Jewish and other non-Roman Catholic, non-Protestant children up to the 30th of April of the preceding school year."

Duration.

**3.** This act shall remain in force for one year from July 1st, 1929.

Coming into force.

**4.** This act shall come into force on the first day of July, 1929.