

7. The city is authorized to pass a by-law, which it may from time to time amend, providing for the appointment of one or more competent engineers for the purpose of making a preparatory study, with the companies interested or their representatives, respecting the construction and maintenance of the said underground conduits, of supervising the construction of the works and the placing and maintenance of wires in the conduits, of coming to an understanding with the companies as regards the dimensions which such conduits shall have, the space to be allotted to each company, the isolation and installation of the wires in such conduits, and the best method to be adopted to secure, for each company, the facilities required for placing and using its wires, and report to the proper authorities.

Separate man-holes shall be made for each company using the said conduits, in order to allow each one the free operation of its own system.

8. Section 2 of the act 3 George V, chapter 61, shall apply to the loans authorized by sections 2 and 6 of this Act.

9. The City Council is authorized and empowered to pass by-laws to regulate and prohibit the erection of buildings and other constructions along lanes, public or private, and upon the back of any lot, and to prevent the same.

10. This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.

CHAP. 81

An Act respecting the city of Ottawa.

[Assented to 19th February, 1914]

WHEREAS a petition has been presented by the corporation of the city of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario, praying that it be enacted as hereinafter set forth, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition;

Therefore, His Majesty, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of Quebec, enacts as follows:

1. This act may be cited as "The Ottawa Waterworks Act."

City of Ottawa authorized to obtain water supply from certain lakes in Quebec.

2. The corporation of the city of Ottawa, hereinafter called the corporation, may, with the consent and subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec, take its water supply from Thirty-one mile lake, Pemischangan lake and the little lakes adjacent thereto and included in the water-shed of these lakes, except Big White Fish Lake, and other lakes which empty into the Lièvre River, for its municipal purposes, and for the use of its inhabitants, and it shall, from such source, furnish water to the corporation of the city of Hull, as provided hereinafter in section 5, and it may also, from such source, furnish water to any municipal corporation in the Province of Quebec for the municipal purposes of such corporation or corporations, and also for the use of the inhabitants of such corporations, and it may, for such purposes, convey water from such lake or lakes to the said city of Ottawa, the said city of Hull and the said other municipal corporations.

May construct necessary works.

3. The corporation may construct, maintain and operate all such works as are necessary or advantageous for the purposes of this act and of any other act of this Legislature, provided that, without affecting the right to compensation, under section 6 of this act, of any person whose lands are taken or injuriously affected, the construction of any work in or through the city of Hull, or upon or along any highway or public place in the said city, shall be subject to the terms of an agreement to be entered into with the corporation of the said city of Hull, the terms of which shall be settled, in the event of failure to agree, by the Public Utilities Commission of the Province of Quebec, notwithstanding the provisions of article 718 of the Revised Statutes, 1909, as amended by the act 1 George V, (2nd session) chapter 14, section 1.

Special provisions re city of Hull.

Right to take and acquire land.

4. The corporation may, with the consent and subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council of the Province of Quebec, enter upon and take any of the ungranted lands of the Crown in the said county of Ottawa, and may acquire by gift, purchase, lease or expropriation such other land, rights, easements and servitudes as are necessary for the purposes of this act, and may hold, mortgage, hypothecate and use the same.

Agreements as to terms.

5. The corporation may enter into agreements with the corporation of the city of Hull, and with the corporation of any other municipality, as to terms upon which a supply of water from the said works may be provided for such municipal corporations.

If the city of Hull and the said corporation cannot agree on the terms and conditions upon which water shall be furnished to Hull, such terms and conditions shall be determined by the Quebec Public Utilities Commission. In case of non-agreement.

6. The exercise of any power conferred by this act shall be subject to the payment of compensation to the owner of any property, right or interest taken or injuriously affected thereby. Compensation.

7. Every expropriation authorized by this act shall be according to the provisions of the Railway Act of the Province of Quebec. Proceedings in expropriation.

8. The lands acquired or possessed by reason of the coming into force of this act shall be subject to municipal taxation only in the same proportion as the other lands of the same municipality. Municipal taxation.

Nevertheless, the constructions and pipes for the purposes of this act shall be exempt in perpetuity from municipal, school and other taxes. Perpetual exemption.

9. This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction. Coming into force.

C H A P. 82

An Act to ratify by-law No. 107 of the town of St. Jérôme.

[Assented to 19th February, 1914]

WHEREAS, the town of St. Jérôme has, by petition, represented: Preamble.

That it is desirable and in the public interest that the town of St. Jérôme should effect, as soon as possible and on the best conditions, a loan required for completing the work of its municipal electric system;

That by-law No. 107 was unanimously adopted by the council of the town of St. Jérôme on the 5th May, 1913, and unanimously on the 23rd May, 1913, accepted by the municipal electors who are proprietors of immoveables;

That the present condition of the money market is not advantageous, and if the by-law is ratified by an act, the town will find material advantage in the negotiation of its bonds;

And whereas it is expedient to grant the prayer contained in the said petition;

Therefore, His Majesty, with the advice and consent