

insurance company is bound to furnish in virtue of articles 1350, 6979 or 6980, as the case may be.

Certificate of Prov. Treas. The certificate of the Provincial Treasurer is final as to the amount to be paid by each company in virtue of this article.

Powers of certain fire commissioners, &c. “**3822m.** The fire commissioners appointed for the cities of Quebec and Montreal, and for the town of Lévis, shall have, within the limits of their respective jurisdiction, the powers granted to the Provincial Fire Commissioner appointed in virtue of this subsection, and the cities of Quebec and Montreal and the town of Lévis, shall remain subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioners appointed for their municipal territory, as provided by articles 3806 to 3822 both inclusive.”

Cities of Quebec and Montreal, &c. “**3822n.** The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may, when he thinks proper, put the cities of Quebec and Montreal, and the town of Lévis, or any or either of them, under the jurisdiction of the Provincial Fire Commissioner, or extend the jurisdiction of the fire commissioner of Quebec or Montreal to any other part of the Province.

Coming into force. **2.** This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.

C H A P. 39

An Act to amend the Revised Statutes, 1909, respecting Juvenile Delinquents.

[Assented to 21st December, 1912]

HIS MAJESTY, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of Quebec, enacts as follows:

R. S. 4021, am. **1.** Article 4021 of the Revised Statutes, 1909, is amended by adding the following paragraph:

Powers of judge. “In every territory subject to the jurisdiction of a Juvenile Delinquents’ Court the powers granted by this section to two justices of the peace, to a magistrate, to a coroner, to the sheriff or to the prothonotary of the district shall be exercised by the judge of the Juvenile Delinquents’ Court.”

Id., 4031, replaced. **2.** Article 4031 of the Revised Statutes, 1909, is replaced by the following:

Bringing certain children before justices of peace, &c. “**4031.** Any rate-payer of a municipality may cause to be brought before two justices of the peace or a magistrate, or a coroner, or the sheriff or the prothonotary of the district, any

child of not more than fourteen years of age who is an orphan, or fatherless, or motherless, if the surviving parent is badly behaved or is condemned to jail, or to the penitentiary, for a criminal offence; or any child who, in consequence of the neglect of or of the drunkenness or other vices of, his parents, or his guardian or the person with whom he resides, is brought up without education, or without wholesome control or under circumstances which expose him to lead an idle and disorderly life; or any child who is a vagrant or is found at large at improper hours, or who is without shelter and appears to be deserted or abandoned; or any child who is habitually beaten or cruelly treated by its parents, or by the person with whom he resides; or any child who, owing to his being infirm or without a tutor or without any relative in the direct line in a position to take care of him or worthy of doing so, is liable to become a vagrant or to starve to death.

3. Article 4032 of the said statutes is amended by replacing Id., 4032 the words in the first paragraph following the word: "res-^{am.}pecting", in the seventh line, by the words: "the special circumstances affecting such child."

4. Article 4036 of the said statutes is amended by replacing Id., 4036 the first paragraph thereof by the following: ^{am.}

"**4036.** When the father or mother, step-father or step-^{Sending} mother, tutor or relative of a child, or the person who has the ^{certain} charge or care of him, represents on oath to any two justices of ^{children to} the peace or to a magistrate, that such child is deserting or ^{industrial} abandoning, or that he has deserted or abandoned the home of the person who is in charge of him, without permission or sufficient reason; or that he habitually disobeys the lawful and reasonable orders of his parents, or of the person in whose care or keeping he is; or that he is habitually idle; or that he is unmanageable or incorrigible; or that he habitually makes use of obscene or indecent language or that he is guilty of immoral conduct, and that such person is desirous that the child be sent to a certified industrial school, the justices of the peace or the magistrate shall inquire into such facts, and, if they are satisfied that it is necessary that the child should be placed in an industrial school, they may send him there for such time as they may think necessary."

5. The following articles are inserted in the said statutes, Id., 4036a after article 4036. ^{and b added.}

"**4036a.** In any territory subject to the jurisdiction of a ^{Proceedings} Juvenile Delinquents' Court, the children to whom article 4036 ^{under fede-} applies shall be deemed juvenile delinquents and ^{ral act.} proceedings may be taken against them in accordance with the provisions of the act of the Parliament of Canada 7-8 Edward VII, chapter 40.

Arrest of certain children. “ **4036b.** In any territory subject to the jurisdiction of a Juvenile Delinquents’ Court, any peace officer may arrest and bring before the judge of the said court any child to whom articles 4031 and 4037 apply.

Order of Judge there-upon. If the judge, after inquiring into the facts and hearing such evidence as he thinks necessary, considers that such child is neglected within the meaning of articles 4031 and 4037 and is in need of protection, he may make any order which he thinks in the interest of the child in accordance with the act of the Parliament of Canada 7-8 Edward VII, chapter 40.”

Id., 3290n, added. **6.** The following article is inserted in the Revised Statutes, 1909, after article 3290m as enacted by the act 1 George V (1st session), chapter 26, section 1;

Extension of jurisdiction of Juvenile Delinquents’ Court. “ **3290n.** The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may extend, by proclamation the jurisdiction of the Juvenile Delinquents’ Courts to any territory in the island of Montreal, after having made satisfactory arrangements with the municipalities interested respecting the matters mentioned in section 2 of the Act 1 George V (1st session), chapter 26.”

Coming into force. **7.** This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.

C H A P. 40

An Act to amend the Cities and Towns’ Act respecting the payment of members of the Council.

[Assented to 21st December, 1912]

HIS MAJESTY, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of Quebec, enacts as follows:

R.S., 5317, am. **1.** Article 5317 of the Revised Statutes, 1909, is amended by adding thereto the following paragraph:

Payment of members of council. “Nevertheless the council of any municipality, may by a two-thirds vote of the whole of its members, enact a by-law to provide remuneration, but such by-law shall only have force and effect after the same is approved by the majority of proprietors who are municipal electors, who may vote at the election, and such vote shall be taken in the manner and subject to the procedure for the approval of loans.”

Coming into force. **2.** This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.
