

ment; and such trustee so appointed shall not be subject to the approval or control of the commissioners, but shall otherwise be subject to the same liabilities and be bound to perform the same duties as the trustee in whose place and stead he shall have been appointed.

In the event of the resignation or removal by death or otherwise of all of said trustees, the corporation shall not be dissolved; but all the rights, powers and privileges vested in or exercisable by such trustees shall vest in and be exercisable by the commissioners of the diocese in which such buildings are situate or by the commissioners of the diocese in which such works are executed, or, if there be no such commissioners, by the archbishop or bishop of such diocese, until such time as other persons shall have been duly appointed trustees to take the place of the trustees so resigned or removed.

Provision in case all trustees resign, &c.

The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may, if he deems it advisable, cancel any appointment of trustees made by him and replace such trustees by others in his discretion."

Cancellation of appointment, &c.

2. This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.

Coming into force.

CHAP. 34

An Act to amend the law respecting the Bar of the Province of Quebec

[Assented to 25th April, 1903]

HIS MAJESTY, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of Quebec, enacts as follows:

1. The following article is inserted in the Revised Statutes, after article 3526:

Art. added after R. S., 3526

"**3526a.** In the case of a vacancy arising from the death or resignation of any member of the council, the latter shall select, from among the members of the section, a person to replace him."

Vacancies how filled.

2. Article 3544 of the Revised Statutes is amended by adding, after the first clause of paragraph 3, the following:

R. S., 3544, amended.

"Nevertheless, the council of the Montreal section, as well as that of the Quebec section, shall always, respectively, associate with the examiners it may appoint, and under the same title, a professor of every university law faculty duly

Professors in university to be associated with examiners in certain sections.

incorporated in each of such sections respectively, if no professor of any such faculty is otherwise chosen to form part of the board of examiners."

R. S., 3546,
amended.

3. Article 3546 of the Revised Statutes is amended by replacing the words : "resides or in which he has resided during the last six months," in the third line, by the words : "has his domicile, or, in the event of his having no domicile in the province, of the section in which he has resided during the last six months."

R. S., 3548,
amended.

4. Article 3548 of the Revised Statutes is amended by adding after the word : "section," in the second line, the words : "of his domicile."

R. S., 3552,
amended.

5. Article 3552 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by the act 57 Victoria, chapter 35, section 1, is amended by adding, at the end thereof, the following clause :

Permission
may be given
students to
come up for
examination
in certain
cases.

"The general council may, after taking into consideration a question respecting any irregularity in the studentship of any candidate for practice regularly admitted to study, allow him to present himself for examination, and such candidate is then treated as if his studentship had been regular ; provided always that it be established, to the satisfaction of the general council, that such candidate has studied during the time required by law, and that the irregularity in question had occurred *bonâ fide*."

R. S., 3559,
amended.

6. Article 3559 of the Revised Statutes is amended by inserting after the word "province", at the end of the second paragraph, the following : "If, in the province to which the candidate belongs, there is exacted from an advocate of the Province of Quebec a fee for admission to practice law as a barrister and another fee for admission to practice as a solicitor, such candidate shall pay a sum equivalent to both these fees together."

Fees on ad-
mission of
barristers,
&c., from
other
provinces.

R. S., 3561,
amended.

7. Article 3561 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by the act 61 Victoria, chapter 27, section 4, is amended by replacing paragraph 2 by the following :

Being found
guilty of cer-
tain offences.

"2. If he has been found guilty of any crime ranked as a felony before the passing of the Criminal Code of 1892, of perjury, or subornation of perjury, of conspiracy to defraud, or of one of the offences set forth in sections 93 to 98, inclusively, of chapter 21 of the Statutes of Canada, 32-33 Victoria and their amendments."

8. Article 3562 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by R. S., 3562, the act 58 Victoria, chapter 36, section 6, is amended by re-amended. placing paragraph 2 by the following :

"2. If the offence is other than that above-mentioned, it is the duty of the secretary to lay, without delay, the said documents before the council of the section, which may order the syndic to proceed thereon as on an ordinary complaint. It is the duty of the syndic to proceed on such documents as on an ordinary complaint." If another offence, to be proceeded with as on a complaint.

9. Article 3597 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by R. S., 3597, the act 54 Victoria, chapter 32, section 2, is amended : amended.

(a) By inserting before the word : " written ", in the fifth line, the words : " lawyers' letters " ; Lawyers' letters.

(b) By adding at the end, the following clause :

" The cost, as fixed by the tariff, of the lawyer's letter, when no suit is taken and after the debtor has been placed *in morâ* to pay by the creditor, is exigible from the debtor to whom it is written." Who pays costs of letter.

10. It is the duty of the prothonotary of each district to supply gratuitously, every year, to any member of the Bar of such district qualified to practise, making a demand therefor, a list of the bailiffs entitled to practise therein, and of the persons who have been interdicted during the year." List of bailiffs and of interdicted persons to be furnished by prothonotary to practising advocates.

11. Notwithstanding article 3552 of the Revised Statutes, every student, regularly admitted to study law previous to the examinations of July, 1900, whose studentship is otherwise regular, but whose certificate of admission to study has not been registered, may present himself at any examination at which he might have presented himself, if his certificate had been registered at the time of his admission to study, provided he causes such certificate to be registered within three months after the sanctioning of this act, and he complies with the by-laws of the Bar respecting the registration of certificates of admission to study. Admission of certain students, &c.

Every student, whose studentship is otherwise regular, but whose indentures as a student have, in place of having been passed before a notary, been executed under private signature, may present himself at the examinations of the Bar, and, upon proof to the satisfaction of the examiners, that he has studied during the time required by law, be admitted to the profession on his complying with the provisions of the law respecting examination and admission to practice law." Provision for students whose indentures are irregularly passed.

12. This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction. Coming into force.