

2nd. The amount of arrears of assessment then due by each of such persons or by persons unknown ;

3rd. The amount of costs of collection due by each of such persons ;

4th. The description of all the real estate liable for the payment of the assessments mentioned in such statement ;

5th. The amount of assessments and costs affecting such real estate ;

6th. All other information required by the trustees.

Approval of  
statement.

3. Such statement shall be submitted to the trustees and be approved by them."

Coming into  
force.

3. This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.

## C A P. X X X I.

An Act to render more explicit the acts respecting expropriations for purposes of public utility.

[Assented to 30th December, 1890.]

HER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows :

Section added  
after R. S. Q.  
art. 3457.

1. The following section is added after section third of chapter third of title ninth of the Revised Statutes of the Province of Quebec, after article 3457.

### " SECTION IV.

#### " EXPROPRIATIONS FOR CEMETERIES.

Expropriations for purpose of acquiring, etc, a cemetery.

" **3457a.** Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this chapter and any other law to the contrary, any parish, mission, congregation or society of Christians lawfully organized, or simply recognized by the competent authority of the religious denomination to which they belong, may, in conformity with the ordinary provisions of the law, obtain, by way of expropriation, the land necessary for the establishment or enlarging of a cemetery for the burial of its deceased members.

Site and area of such cemetery, how determined.

" **3457b.** The site and area of such land are fixed by a judge of the Superior Court, upon petition to that effect, previously served upon the party to be expropriated, with the ordinary delays of service of writs in the Superior Court.

**“ 3457c.** After having heard the parties interested, the judge may, if they do not agree on the value of the property to be expropriated, refer the matter to arbitrators, to be appointed, one by each of the parties, and in case they disagree, then a third arbitrator will be appointed by a judge of the Superior Court at the demand of either party, of which application at least two days' notice must be given, and they shall make their award within the delay fixed by the judge. Proceedings in arbitration, if parties do not agree upon value.

**“ 3457d.** Such award is without appeal, and the registration of a copy of the award in the office of the registration division in which the property is situated, with the receipt for the payment of the indemnity and a solemn declaration that the other conditions mentioned in the judgment and award have been complied with, confers the right of property in the said land upon the party requiring the expropriation in the manner, with the effects, restrictions and obligations mentioned in the preceding sections of this chapter.” Award without appeal. Effect of registration of award and payment of amount therein fixed.

**2.** This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction. Coming into force.

## CAP. XXXII.

An Act to amend the law respecting the Bar.

*[Assented to 30th December, 1890.]*

**H**ER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows :

**1.** The following section is added after section seventh of chapter first of title tenth of the Revised Statutes of the Province of Quebec : Section added after R. S. Q. art. 3562.

### “ SECTION VIIA.

#### DISQUALIFICATION OF PERSONS FROM ACTING AS ADVOCATES WITHOUT DIPLOMAS.

**“ 3562a.** No person, who does not hold a diploma as advocate, can act as such, assume or take the title of advocate, solicitor or barrister, or pretend to act in such quality or in any name of similar import, either alone or jointly, with some member of the legal profession for any remuneration, indemnity, payment or profit whatever. Person not holding diploma as advocate cannot act as such.

Whoever acts as aforesaid, without holding a diploma as an advocate, is liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Penalty.