

**1.** Section 2 of the act 52 Victoria, chapter 43, amending <sup>52 Vic., c. 43,</sup> the law respecting companies for stoning roads, is hereby <sup>s. 2, repealed.</sup> repealed.

**2.** This act shall come into force on the day of its <sup>Coming into</sup> sanction. <sup>force.</sup>

## CAP. XXXVII.

An Act to amend the law respecting railways in this Province.

[Assented to 30th December, 1890.]

**H**ER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows:

**1.** The following articles are added after article 5183 of the Revised Statutes of the Province of Quebec: <sup>Articles added after R. S. Q. art. 5183.</sup>

**“5183a.** It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, at any time, upon the report of the Railway Committee of the Executive Council, to cancel the charter of any railway company incorporated under the laws of this Province, when the said company has not complied with the terms of its charter as to the commencement and completion of its works within the prescribed time, or when the said company has become insolvent or when the company does not or is not able to proceed with the work, or for any other cause which, in the opinion of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, is sufficient to justify such cancellation. <sup>Upon certain report, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may cancel charter of certain railways.</sup>

**“5183b.** Such cancelling takes effect, to all intents and purposes, fifteen days after the publication in the Official Gazette of a proclamation to that effect under the Great Seal of the Province, which at the same time fixes the day, hour and place at which the meeting of shareholders is to be held to appoint a liquidator or three liquidators, under articles 4777 and following of these Revised Statutes. <sup>When cancellation takes effect. Calling of meeting to appoint liquidator.</sup>

**“5183c.** In default of the appointment of the said liquidators, or if a vacancy should arise amongst them, or if such appointment be not made, the whole under the circumstances or for the reasons mentioned in articles 4778 and 4779, the Commissioner of Public Works may, like any shareholder, institute all necessary proceedings authorized in and by the said articles to attain the object above mentioned. <sup>If appointment not made, &c.</sup>

Liquidation  
thereafter.

“**5183d.** The liquidation is then proceeded with in the manner set forth in articles 4780 and following of these Revised Statutes.”

Coming into  
force.

**2.** This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.

## CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act respecting expropriations.

[Assented to 30th December, 1890.]

**H**ER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows:

Section added  
after R. S. Q.  
title 12, part  
first, chapter  
2nd.

**1.** The following section is added after section seventh of chapter second of the first part of title twelfth of the Revised Statutes of the Province of Quebec:

### “SECTION VIII.

“PROVISIONS CONNECTED WITH TITLE EIGHT OF THE THIRD PART.

“*Arbitrations in general.*

“ (Article 1341 and following.)

“ OF EXPROPRIATIONS.

“ § 1.—*Declaratory.*

Name and ap-  
plication of  
section.

“**5754a.** This law, which may be cited as the “Expropriation Act”, applies to all cases in which any person, company or corporation, cannot agree with another respecting the value or the compensation to be paid for land, which he or it may expropriate, or for the exercise of a right which he or it may exercise in virtue of any provincial or federal act which does not regulate the manner of expropriation.

Who may con-  
tract respect-  
ing property  
to be expro-  
priated.

“**5754b.** In cases of substitution, the institute,—in cases of usufruct, the usufructuary,—in cases of interdiction, the curator,—in cases of tutorship, the tutor,—in cases of the private property of the wife common as to property, and in cases of separation as to property, the wife authorized by her husband, or, if he refuses or is absent, authorized by the judge, may voluntarily enter into a contract respecting, and sell and transfer the required property to the person, company or corporation expropriating.