

13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23 of the thirteenth range, shall, in so far as the Roman Catholic population thereof is concerned, form part of the school municipality of the town of Richmond.

The valuation roll, in force in the said township, shall be the basis of taxation, and the same rate of taxation shall be payable as is collected in the town of Richmond. The said taxes shall be collected by the secretary-treasurer of the Roman Catholic Board; but neither the ratepayers, nor the children of the township of Cleveland, shall be reckoned as forming part of the population of the town of Richmond, so as to affect the division of the public money, or the neutral panel between the said two Boards.

Basis of taxation.

The Collection of taxes.

Population not to be added to Richmond for certain purposes.

42. The dissentients, remaining in the said township of Cleveland, after the union of the above mentioned portions of the township to the town of Richmond, shall continue to form a dissentient school municipality.

Dissentients of Cleveland thereafter.

43. The said two Boards may severally fix the salaries of their respective secretary-treasurers.

Salaries of secy-treas.

44. This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.

Act in force.

CAP. XXII.

An Act to provide for a final settlement of the Common School Fund.

[Assented to 30th March, 1883.]

WHEREAS, by chapter 26 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, one million acres of public lands, which were taken in the Huron Tract, were specially appropriated to the support of common schools and the establishment of township and parish libraries, and the proceeds of the sale of such public lands were to be invested and applied towards forming a fund for such purposes, of which the revenue should, from year to year, be apportioned between Upper Canada and Lower Canada, in proportion to the relative numbers of the population of the same, as ascertained by the census immediately preceding each division; save and except one fourth of the proceeds of the lands sold between the 14th June, 1853, and the 6th March, 1861, which was appropriated to the Upper Canada Improvement Fund, and six per cent on the amount of collections for expenses of management;

Preamble.

Whereas, at the time of Confederation, the sum collected, as well from the sale of the Public Lands appropriated as above mentioned, as from the sale of other Public Lands, likewise appropriated to the Common School Fund, which remained in trust in the keeping of the Government of the Dominion of Canada, after deduction of the share belonging to the Upper Canada Improvement Fund, amounted to \$1,608,539.29; the collections made by the Government of the Province of Ontario, on account of the Common School Fund, amounted on the 31st December, 1881, after deduction of six per cent for expenses of management, and the share belonging to the Upper Canada Improvement Fund to the sum of \$814,841.98, to which have to be added the collections of the year 1882; and a considerable amount remains to be collected;

Whereas certain lands, belonging to the common school fund above mentioned, remain unsold;

Whereas it is desirable that the share in this fund, which belongs to the Province of Quebec, should be finally settled and invested, in accordance with the provisions of the above mentioned chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, and of the arbitrators' award, dividing the assets and liabilities of the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec;

Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec enacts as follows:

Agreement may be made with government of Ontario respecting lands appropriated to the Common School Fund.

1. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant Governor in Council, to agree with the Government of the Province, of Ontario, upon an amount to be paid by it, for the acquisition by it of the uncollected balance of the price of lands appropriated to the Common School Fund, distinguishing the amount due for lands sold between the fourteenth day of June, 1853, and the sixth day of March 1861, from the amount due for lands sold before and after that period, and also for the acquisition by that government of the unsold lands belonging to the same fund.

Idem, final division of Common School Fund.

2. It shall moreover be lawful for the Lieutenant Governor in Council, to enter into an agreement with the government of the Province of Ontario, for the purpose of effecting a final division of the Common School Fund between the two Provinces.

Agreements to be submitted to Legislature.

3. The agreements, so made, shall be submitted to the approval and confirmation of the Legislature, and shall be obligatory, as regards the Province of Quebec, only after such confirmation.

Disposal of funds coming

4. The sum, which will appertain to the Province of

Quebec, under the agreement which may be entered into for the division of the Common School Fund in the amount collected by the government of the Province of Ontario, and in the sum which may be agreed upon for the acquisition, by that government, of the uncollected amount, and of the unsold lands, shall be paid by the government of Ontario to the government of the Dominion of Canada, to be invested by it, conformably to section 3 of chapter 26 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, on account of the Province of Quebec, together with the latter's share of the sum which, at the time of Confederation, remained in trust in the keeping of the government of the Province of Canada.

5. The share in the Common School Fund, belonging to the Province of Quebec, shall remain in trust, in the keeping of the government of the Dominion of Canada, to form a perpetual fund, as provided by the second paragraph of section 3 of chapter 26 of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, and by the award rendered in the arbitration between the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, for the support of Common Schools and the establishment of township and parish libraries.

6. This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act to amend article 2160 of the Civil Code.

[Assented to 30th March, 1883.]

HER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows :

1. Article 2160 of the Civil Code is replaced by the following :

"2160. Registry offices must be kept open every day, Sundays and holidays excepted, from nine o'clock in the morning until four o'clock in the afternoon."

C. C. 2160 replaced.

Registry offices to be open during certain hours.

2. This act shall come into force on the day of its sanction.