

10. Section 142 of the said act is amended by adding, <sup>S. 142 amend-
ed.</sup> after the words "justice of the peace," in the third line, the following words: "or in the city of Montreal by one of the license commissioners."

11. Section 151 of the said act, as amended by act 37 Vict., <sup>S. 151 amend-
ed.</sup> chap. 3, is further amended by striking out, in the fifth and sixth lines, the words: "of the council of the county or local municipality," and by substituting therefor the following words: "of the corporation of the municipality of the county, or of the municipality of the city, town or other local municipality."

12. Section 152 of the said act is amended by adding, <sup>S. 152 amend-
ed.</sup> after the words "district magistrate," in the tenth line, the following words: "or in or before the recorder's court, police court, or in any other court held or presided over by a recorder, an assistant-recorder, police magistrate, or by a district magistrate."

13. Section 195 of the said act is amended by striking <sup>S. 195 amend-
ed.</sup> out the words, "unless such deposit has been made," in the tenth line.

14. The lieutenant-governor in council may give such ^{Instructions.} instructions to the Inland Revenue Collectors, as he may think fit in regard to the performance of their duties.

15. The provisions of this act shall be read and inter- ^{Interpretation}preted as forming one and the same act, with the Quebec License Act, and the acts amending the same.

16. This act shall come into force on the day of the sanc- <sup>Coming into
force of this
act.</sup> tion thereof.

C A P. V I.

An Act respecting the Boundary between the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario.

[Assented to 23rd February, 1875.]

WHEREAS by an order of His Majesty's Privy Council, ^{Preamble.} bearing date in the month of August, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, it was ordained that the then province of Quebec should be divided into two distinct provinces, to be called the province of Upper Canada, and the province of Lower Canada, by separating the said two provinces according to the following line of

division, as set forth in the royal proclamation of the eighteenth of November, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, viz: "To commence at a stone boundary on the north bank of the lake St. Francis, at the cove west of Pointe au Bodet, in the limit between the township of Lancaster and the seigneurie of New Longueuil, running along the said limit in the direction of north thirty-four degrees west to the westernmost angle of the said seigneurie of New Longueuil, thence along the north-western boundary of the seigneurie of Vaudreuil, running north twenty-five degrees east, until it strikes the Ottawa river, to ascend the said river into the lake Tomiscanning, (*Témiscamingue*), and from the head of the said lake, by a line drawn due north until it strikes the boundary line of Hudson's Bay, including all the territory to the westward and southward of the said line, to the utmost extent of the country commonly called or known by the name of Canada;" and whereas the point to be regarded as the head of lake Temiscamingue had never been authoritatively determined, and in consequence that portion of the boundary line between the provinces of Lower and Upper Canada, now respectively named the provinces of Quebec and Ontario, north of the said lake, had never been defined; and whereas it was considered expedient by the governments of the said provinces of Quebec and Ontario, that the said undetermined portion of the said boundary line between the said provinces should no longer continue uncertain, and it was, subject to ratification by the Legislatures of the said provinces, and by the parliament of Canada, agreed between the governments of the said provinces, that the point at the head of lake Temiscamingue, from which the said boundary line shall run due north, should be determined in the following manner, that is to say:

1. That a line should be surveyed running due east from a monument planted on the east bank of the river Blanche, the position of which monument is upon a map showing the proposed boundary, signed in duplicate by the Honorable Pierre Fortin, formerly commissioner of crown lands of the province of Quebec, and the Honorable Richard William Scott, formerly commissioner of crown lands of the province of Ontario, and filed in the department of crown lands of the province of Quebec, shown and marked with the letter H, and that the said due east line should be continued to the west bank of the river Quinze;

2. That the said line so surveyed should be divided into two equal parts, and that at the point of bi-section, a permanent monument should be planted;

3. That from the said point of bi-section, a line should be run due south through the mainland and through the is-

land marked upon the said map as island No. 2, until the said line intersects the southern boundary of the said island, at the water's edge, and that the said point of intersection of the said line with the southerly boundary of the said island No. 2, at the water's edge, should be the point at the head of lake Temiscamingue, from which the boundary line between the said provinces of Quebec and Ontario, should be run due north; and whereas the governments of the said provinces of Quebec and Ontario have caused the said lines to be surveyed, and the said point determined upon the ground, and have also caused to be completed from the mouth of the river Matawan, a survey of the shores of the river Ottawa and of lake Temiscamingue on both sides, and of the islands therein situated up to the point determined in the manner aforesaid, at the head of lake Temiscamingue, and thence due north to the height of land dividing the waters tributaries of the river St. Lawrence from those tributaries of the Hudson's Bay; and whereas the said governments intend to have the survey so made, marked and laid down upon a map, to be signed conjointly by the commissioner of crown lands for the province of Quebec, and by the commissioner of crown lands for the province of Ontario; and whereas, by chapter 28 of the acts of the parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the session held in the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty's reign, and intituled: "An act respecting the establishment of Provinces in the Dominion of Canada," it is enacted: "that the parliament of Canada may, from time to time, with the consent of the Legislature of any province of the said dominion, increase, diminish or otherwise alter the limits of such province, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed to by the said Legislature, and may, with the like consent, make provision respecting the effect and operation of any such increase or diminution, or alteration of territory in relation to any province affected thereby;" and whereas it is expedient that the said line so surveyed and laid down should be established as the boundary line, between this province and the province of Ontario; Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows:

1. The Legislature of the province of Quebec hereby declares that the parliament of the dominion of Canada do declare and establish the line surveyed, marked and laid down in manner aforesaid, due north to the northerly limit of the said provinces, as the boundary line between this province and the province of Ontario, whether the same increases, diminishes or otherwise alters the limits of this province.

Consent of the
legislature.

Coming into force of this act.

2. This act shall come into force on the day of the sanction thereof.

CAP. VII.

An Act respecting the Election of Members of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec.

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