

shall be unknown, and upon which municipal taxes shall be due, shall be sold for the payment of the same in the manner and according to the provisions contained in the municipal code of the province of Quebec, for the sale of lands affected by municipal taxes; and for coming to the sale of such real property or vacant lot, as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the secretary-treasurer of the town, to fulfill all the duties imposed upon the secretary-treasurer of any county council with regard to the sale of such lands, by the said municipal code; but the public notice announcing such sale shall also announce that the same shall take place where the said town council holds its sessions, in the said town.

Proceedings to that effect.

Sub-sec. 2, sec. 54, repealed. **61.** Sub-section two of section fifty-four is repealed, and the following is substituted therefor:

Evaluators neglecting their duties.

"2. Any valuator who shall refuse or neglect to discharge the duties of his office, within the delays and in the manner prescribed by the said council, shall incur a penalty of twenty dollars, and it shall be lawful for the said council, irrespectively of said penalty, to appoint one or more persons in the room of such valuator or valutors refusing or neglecting to discharge such duties as aforesaid, with the same rights, privileges and obligations as if they had been first appointed by said council."

Penalty.

St. Louis bridge.

62. All *procès-verbaux*, by-laws, deeds of agreement, ordinances and municipal council resolutions respecting the building and re-building of St. Louis bridge, near the old seigniorial manor, within the limits of the said town, shall retain their full force and effect.

Payment of penalties.

63. All penalties imposed by this act or by any by-law made by the said council under this act, shall be recovered in the manner prescribed by the fifty-fifth section of the said act of incorporation.

Provisions inconsistent.

64. All provisions contained in the said act of incorporation, inconsistent with any provision of this act are repealed.

Coming into force of this act.

65. This act shall come into force on the day of the sanction thereof.

C A P . L X X V I I I .

An Act to amend the Act 36 Vict., Chap. 53, intituled:
"An Act to incorporate the Corporation of the Town of Lachine."

[Assented to 23rd February, 1875.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the act incorporating the corporation of the town of Lachine, 36

Victoria, chapter 53; Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows :

1. Section two of said act is amended by substituting to the words "Edward Wilgress," in the tenth and eleventh lines thereof, the words "Patrick McGee, that is to say, up to the eastern line of the land of said James Park." Sec. 2, 36 V., c. 53. amended.

2. The town of Lachine shall be divided into three wards, which shall be respectively designated and known under the names of "East Ward," "Centre Ward," and "West Ward," and be bounded as follows, to wit : Division of the town.

1. The "East Ward" shall be bounded in front by the river St. Lawrence, to the east side by the eastern limits of said town, in depth by the Grand Trunk railway, to the west side by a line following the division line between the land of the heirs Louis Boyer, and that of William M. Molson, until it reaches the land of Robert Smith; thence the said line shall follow the division line between the land of the said Robert Smith, and that of said William M. Molson, to the land of the Montreal and Champlain railway company, crossing the same opposite the head of the street heretofore designated and known under the name of "Morthimer street," which shall henceforth be called "Town Hall street," and the said line shall continue through the middle of said Town Hall street, and beyond, in a straight line to the river St. Lawrence; East Ward.

2. The "Centre Ward" shall be bounded in front by the river St. Lawrence, to the east side by the "East Ward," in depth by the Grand Trunk railway, and on the west side by a line following the division line between the land of James P. Dawes, junior, and Andrew J. Dawes, and that of Thomas Ames Dawes, crossing the land of the Montreal and Champlain railway company, and continuing through the middle of St. Charles street, to the south side of Main street or Queen's highway, and thence along the eastern line of the land of Claude Legault dit Deslauriers, and further on, in a straight line, to the river St. Lawrence; Centre Ward.

3. The "West Ward" shall be bounded in front by the river St. Lawrence, to the east by the "Centre Ward," in depth by the Grand Trunk railway, and on the west side by the western limits of the said town of Lachine. West Ward.

3. The said town council shall have full power and authority to make in the usual manner by-laws to cause the limits of the several wards to be changed and altered, if they deem it necessary for the better management of affairs; provided always, that it shall Power to change the boundaries of the wards. Enlargement of the city.

and may be lawful for any proprietor of land immediately adjacent or contiguous to the limits of the said town of Lachine, by means of a notice given by the said proprietor to the municipal authorities of the said town, and with the consent of the said authorities signified by a by-law to be made by them to that effect, in the usual manner, to demand and obtain that the said land shall be included within the limits of the said town, and so on successively for other proprietors having property so adjacent to properties thus successively included as aforesaid, and upon such inclusion having been ordered by by-law as hereinbefore provided, the said proprietors, whose properties shall be included, shall have and possess all the municipal privileges, and be subject to all the by-laws, obligations, duties and charges imposed upon persons and properties originally included within the limits of the said town.

Effect of the annexion.

Section 3, amended.

4. Section three of said act is amended by adding after the word "persons" in the fourth line thereof, the words "two for each ward."

Appointment of councillors for each ward.

5. It shall be the duty of the town council of Lachine, within two months next following the coming into force of this act, to declare and appoint, by a resolution to that effect, in the ordinary manner, such of the councillors of said town for the time being, as shall represent each of the three wards of said town respectively, each ward having two councillors; and from the day on which such resolution shall have thus been carried by said council, each ward of said town shall be held to be represented in the town council of Lachine, according to the intent and meaning of this act for all legal purposes; provided always, that when they shall have passed and carried such resolution, the town council of Lachine shall have appointed one of the three councillors of said town, elected at the next preceding elections, to represent each of the three wards of said town.

Provide :

Section 5, repealed.

6. Section five of said act is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefor :

Persons entitled to vote.

"5. The following persons shall be entitled to vote at the municipal elections of the said town of Lachine: the male inhabitants of the age of twenty-one years, and actually and *bonâ fide* possessors, as proprietors, of real estate in the said town, of the real value of two hundred dollars, or as tenants of real estate for the use of which they pay a rent of not less than twenty dollars per annum; which qualification shall be ascertained by the valuation roll in force at the time of the posting of the notices of such election;

Payment of taxes required.

2. No person qualified to vote at any municipal election in the said town, shall have the right of having his vote

registered, unless he shall have at least, ten days before such votation, paid his municipal or school taxes, or all other municipal or school taxes or duties then due ;

3. No tenant qualified as municipal voter shall use his right to vote at any such election, unless he shall have been a resident and paid rent in the said town for at least six months next preceding the day of voting for such election ;

Residence of tenant.

4. And it shall be lawful for any candidate at any such election of mayor or of councillor of the said town, and for any person representing any candidate at any election in the said town, to require from the municipal voters, the productions of the receipts or certificates of the secretary-treasurer, establishing the payment of such taxes and other duties due as aforesaid, or in default of receipt or certificate, to require the oath from the voter, that such taxes, assessments and dues are paid and have been paid, at least, ten days before such election."

Receipts of payment of taxes may be required.

Or oath.

7. Section eight of said act is hereby repealed, and the following sections are substituted therefor :

Section 8, repealed.

"*Sa.* Each elector shall vote at the poll held for the ward of the said town in which he is qualified for the election of the mayor of the said town, and that of as many councillors as there are to be elected for the said ward only, and at no other polls ;

Place of voting.

2. In case a municipal voter shall be qualified as such in more than one ward of the said town, he shall have the right to vote in each of the said wards, and any such elector shall vote for the election of the mayor of the said town only once, and at the poll held for the ward in which such elector shall have and hold his residence ;

Right to vote in several wards.

3. In case a person shall be in possession as proprietor in more than one ward of the said town, of one or more lots, in each of said wards respectively, the value of which shall not come to the sum of two hundred dollars, in any of the said wards, if the collective value of all such lots together comes to or exceeds the said sum of two hundred dollars, such person shall have the right to vote for the election of the mayor of the said town, at the poll held for the ward of the said town, in which the name of such person shall first appear on the general valuation roll of the said town."

Different lots valued, each of them too low.

"*Sb.* The obligation imposed by this act, to have paid at least ten days before any municipal election in said town, all municipal or school assessments, taxes or other duties then due, to have the right to vote at such election, shall extend to the proprietor not qualified as municipal elector as to his property, but who is such on account of his rent, in case he be tenant."

Obligation to pay taxes, to have a right to vote.

President of election of the council.

"*Sec.* At a general or special meeting of the council of the said town, previous to the publication of the notice announcing any municipal election of the said town, the council of the said town, shall appoint a president of the election, for the election of the councillor or councillors for each ward of said town, and the secretary-treasurer of the council of the said town shall be *ex-officio* president for the election of the mayor of the said town ;

Sec.-treas. preside at elec. of mayor.

Amongst whom chosen.

2. The presidents of the election of councillors shall be chosen as much as possible, amongst the councillors who shall not then go out of office, and at such general elections the mayor and the councillors going out of office shall not, in any case, be appointed presidents for the election of councillors for any ward of the said town ;

Literary qualification.

3. The presidents of an election must know how to read and write."

Poll in the city hall.

"*Sec.* It shall be the duty of the presidents for the election of councillors in each ward of the said town, to hold a poll for their respective wards, at the town hall, at the time and in the manner hereinafter prescribed, when there shall be a contestation for the election of councillor in their respective wards, or when required so to do by the president for the election of the mayor, in case of the said election being contested."

Presidents shall be keepers of the peace.

"*Sec.* Each president of an election shall be keeper of the peace from eight o'clock in the morning of the nomination day until ten o'clock in the morning of the day following, and if the election of mayor be contested, from eight o'clock in the morning of the said nomination day, until ten o'clock in the morning of the day next following the close of the polls; if there be a contest only for the election of councillors in any ward of the said town, the presidents of election in the wards, only where there is a contest, shall be keepers of the peace during the time as lastly above established ;

Jurisdiction of presidents.

2. The jurisdiction of every president of election, as keeper of the peace, shall extend throughout the entire town ;

Their powers.

3. The presiding officer at the election in any ward of the town, may, moreover, for the purpose of preserving peace and public order :

1. Swear in as many special constables as he deems necessary ;

2. Require the assistance of all justices of the peace, constables, and other persons residing in the said town, by verbal or written order ;

3. Commit on view, to the custody of a constable or of any other person, for a period of not more than forty-eight hours, any one breaking the peace or disturbing public order ;

4. By a warrant under his hand, imprison such offender in the common gaol of the district, or any house or other

place of confinement established within the limits of the said town, for any period not exceeding ten days."

"*Sf.* In order to avoid the holding of a poll for the election of either of a mayor or of councillors for any ward of the said town, in cases where no division of opinion exists among the electors, in respect to the person or to the persons intended to be elected mayor of the said town, or councillors for any ward thereof, and whereas it is necessary to provide that the candidates for any of the said offices shall be publicly known, and that none but those named shall be or may be elected, there shall be a nomination day for all the candidates for the offices of mayor of the said town and of councillors for the several wards thereof;

Nomination of the mayor and councillors.

2. The second Wednesday of January in each year, or if that day is a non-juridical day, then the next following juridical day is fixed by this act to be the nomination day for all candidates to the said offices."

Day fixed.

"*Sg.* At ten o'clock in the forenoon of the day fixed for the nomination, the president of the election either of the mayor or of the councillors for any ward of the said town, shall proceed to the place where such nomination is to be held as aforesaid, and shall then and there require the electors there present to name the person or persons whom they wish to choose as mayor, or as councillor or councillors, as the case may be, and any six duly qualified electors of the said town may openly and publicly address to the said president of the election of the mayor, within one hour from the opening of the meeting, and not afterwards, a written demand or requisition, bearing their signature, that the person by them named be elected mayor of the said town, for the next ensuing term of the said office of mayor, and if, during one hour after the opening of such meeting, there be only one such demand or requisition made as aforesaid, or if all the demands and requisitions so made, are for one and the same person, then the president of the election shall proclaim the said person duly elected mayor of the said town for the term next ensuing of the said office; and any six duly qualified electors in any ward of the said town, may, on the day aforesaid, address openly and publicly to the president of the election for such ward of the said town, for the said office of councillor or councillors in such ward, and within one hour from the opening of the meeting, and not afterwards, a written demand or requisition, and bearing their signature, that the person or persons named by them, be elected as councillor or councillors, for the said ward in which the petitioners are electors as aforesaid; and if during one hour after the opening of such meeting, there be only one demand or requisition for the election of a councillor or councillors in such ward of the said town, or if all the requisitions made in the said ward, be for the election of

Nomination of the mayor.

If there is only one candidate.

Nomination of councillor.

Case of no opposition.

the same person or persons as councillor or councillors for the said ward, then the president of the election for such ward of the said town, shall proclaim the said person or persons, named in the said requisition or requisitions (as the case may be,) duly elected councillor or councillors for the said ward, for the next ensuing term of the said office or offices ; and each and every such election made as aforesaid, without dissent or division therein, shall be forthwith proclaimed by the person who shall have presided at each such nomination, one hour after the opening of such meeting.

2. The president of any election shall, moreover, give to the person or persons so elected mayor of the said town, or councillor or councillors for any ward thereof, notice of his or their election, within the three days next following the day of the nomination as aforesaid."

"*8h.* In the case of several written demands or requisitions being made by six or more duly qualified electors as aforesaid, for the election of two or more persons as mayor of the said town, the president of the election of the mayor, shall grant for each ward of the said town respectively, a poll for the election of the said mayor, and the said election shall be proceeded with in the manner hereinafter prescribed ; provided, however, that no person may or shall be voted for, or may or shall be elected, at such election, as mayor for the said town, for whose election a written demand or requisition shall not have been made as aforesaid, to the president of said election during one hour after the opening of such meeting ;

2. In the event of several written demands or requisitions being made on the nomination day for the councillors, in any ward of the said town, by at least six duly qualified electors as aforesaid, in any such ward, for the election of more candidates than there are councillor or councillors to be elected in and for any such ward, a poll shall be granted for each and every such election by the president of the election to whom such demands and requisitions have been made, and the said election shall be proceeded with, in the manner hereinafter prescribed ; provided, however, that no person shall be voted for at any such election, or shall be elected thereat, as councillor for any ward of the said town, for whose election a written demand or requisition shall not have been made as aforesaid to the president of any such election, during the hour following the opening of such meeting ;

3. In case of contestation for the election of the mayor, the president of the said election shall, on the day next following the nomination day, give to each of the presidents of election for each ward of the said town, special notice in writing, that he has granted for each ward of the said town, a poll for the election of the mayor thereof, which

Immediate
proclamation.

Notice to persons
elected.

Case of contestation in the
• office of mayor.

Poll.

Provide :

Opposition to
the charge of
councillors.

Notice of voting
given by
the president.

notice shall moreover mention the names of the several candidates put into nomination on the day before, for the office of mayor of the said town."

Si. In all the cases where one or more polls shall be granted under the authority of the next preceding section of this act, for the general elections thereof, each such poll shall be opened at the town hall, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the Monday next following the nomination day as aforesaid; and if it be a holiday, the said polls shall be opened, at the same place and the same hour, on the first juridical day next ensuing, by the president of the election for each ward of the said town, if it be for the election of the mayor, or if the said mayor has been elected by acclamation on the nomination day, by the president of the election of a councillor or councillors for any ward of the said town, who shall have granted such a poll for the said election; each such poll shall be closed at four o'clock in the afternoon of the day in which it shall have been opened;

2. It shall be lawful for each president of the election, to have a poll clerk, whom he shall appoint by a writing under his own signature, and to whom he shall administer the oath to truly, faithfully and to the best of his knowledge, judgment and ability, perform his duties as such, which duties shall be assigned to him by the said president of the election;

3. Every such poll clerk shall be paid out of the funds of the said town, at the rate of two dollars *per diem*;

4. The president of the election at the poll held for any ward of the said town, shall enter or cause to be entered by his poll clerk, if one has been appointed, in a book kept in the manner hereinafter prescribed, and in the order in which they shall be given, the votes of the electors, by inscribing therein, the name, surname and occupation of each of them, such book to contain at the head of as many separate columns, the name and surname of the candidate, or of each of the candidates put into nomination to be elected as mayor of the said town, or councillor or councillors for any ward thereof, on the nomination day as aforesaid;

5. Every elector may vote at the poll held for the ward of the said town in which he is qualified as such, for one of the candidates to the office of mayor of the said town, and for so many candidates to the office of councillor as there are councillors to be elected for the said ward, and in the case of his being qualified as such elector in more than one ward of the said town, he may vote as aforesaid at each of the polls held for the wards of the said town in which he is duly qualified as such elector; provided, nevertheless, in the last case, that he shall give but one vote for the office

Proviso : of mayor, as it is provided by section 8a of this act, subsection second ;

Right to vote only once. 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this act, which may be interpreted as inconsistent with this section, no municipal elector shall vote more than once at the poll held for the ward or any ward in which he may be qualified as such, for the election of councillor for any ward of the said town ;

Oath may be required from voters. 7. The president of the election for any ward of the said town, and in his absence, his poll clerk, shall have respectively the authority, and they are hereby required, when requested by any person duly qualified to vote at the election of the mayor, and at the election of councillor or councillors in any ward of the said town, to administer the following oath to any person tendering his vote at any such election, to wit :

Oath. " You swear that you are a subject of Her Majesty, that " you are entitled to take part and to vote at this election, " that all municipal or school assessments and taxes, and other " dues imposed upon your property or properties (or on the " property or properties held by you as tenant,) due and " payable previous to the ten days next preceding this day, " have been paid before said ten days," (if the oath is taken by a tenant) " that you now reside and you pay rent in the " town of Lachine since at least six months before this " day," (if there be a list of the municipal voters,) " that it " is your name which is entered on the list of the voters of " the ward (east, centre or west, *as the case may be*,) of this " town, now shown to you, that you have not received " anything, nor has anything been promised to you either " directly or indirectly to induce you to vote at this election, " (for the mayor of the said town, or for a councillor for " any ward thereof, *as the case may be*): So help you God."

Interpreter. 8. Whenever the president of the election for any ward of the said town shall not understand the language spoken by one or more electors, he shall appoint an interpreter, who, before acting, shall take before the president the oath to translate faithfully the oaths, declarations, affirmations, questions and answers, which the said president shall require him to translate, respecting this election ;

His oath. 9. Each page of the poll book kept for any ward of the said town, shall be numbered in words and countersigned by the president of the election who shall keep it, or by his poll clerk ;

Poll book countersigned, &c. 10. If an elector takes the oath required, or if he refuses to take such oath, or if objection is made to his vote, mention of each of those facts shall be made in the poll book kept for any ward of the said town, in the following terms : "sworn," "rejected," "objected to," as the case may be ;

Refusal to take the oath ; objection, &c. 11. The president of the election for any ward of the said town, nor his poll clerk, shall in any case, receive and

Effect of the refusal.

record the vote of an elector who shall refuse to take the oath contained in the seventh sub-section of this section ;

12. The president of the election for any ward of the said town, shall, at the close of the poll at which he presides, but before proclaiming the candidates elected as councillors for the ward of the said town for which he shall act, certify under his signature, on the poll book kept by him or by his poll clerk, the total number of votes given for each of the candidates as mayor of the said town, or as councillor or councillors for the ward thereof for which he shall act;

Poll book certified by the president.

13. At the close of the poll, the president of the election for any ward of the said town shall declare elected councillor or councillors for the ward of the said town for which he shall act, for the ensuing term of the said office or offices of councillor or councillors, the candidate or candidates for the said ward who shall have received the largest number of votes ;

Proclamation at the close of the poll.

14. In case of an equal division of votes in favor of two or more of the candidates to the said office of councillor for any ward of the said town, the president of the election, at the poll at which such equal division of votes has been ascertained, shall, under a penalty of not less than fifty dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars, give his casting vote in favor of such said candidate or candidates as he shall think fit, and shall declare elected as councillor or councillors for any ward thereof, as the case may be, for the ensuing term of the said office of councillor or councillors, such candidate or candidates, who shall have thus received the largest number of votes ;

Casting vote.

15. The said president of the poll held for the election of the mayor, or of a councillor or councillors for any ward of the said town, shall be entitled to vote only in the case mentioned in the preceding sub-section of this section of this act ;

When the president votes.

16. During the space of an hour after the close of each poll, in case of contestation for the election of the mayor, the president of each such poll shall transmit to the president for the election of the mayor, who, during the holding of the said polls, shall be bound to be at the town-hall, a copy of the certificate by him prepared on his poll book and under his signature as mentioned in sub-section twelve of this act, stating the total number of votes given at the poll where he shall have acted as president, to each of the candidates to the office of mayor of the said town ; and the president for the election of the mayor, after having received the said certificates, shall himself verify the total number of votes given in favor of each of the candidates to the office of mayor of the said town, at the poll held for each of the wards of the said town, and shall declare elected mayor of the town of Lachine, for the ensuing term of the

Certificate of poll book to president of election of mayor.

Summing up of votes.

Proclamation.

said office of mayor, such candidate to that office who shall have obtained the greatest number of votes ;

Case of equal votes for the office of mayor.

17. In case of an equal division of the votes in favor of two or more of the candidates to the office of mayor as aforesaid, the president for the election of the mayor, shall, under a penalty of not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars, give his casting vote in favor of such candidate as he shall deem proper, and shall declare mayor of the said town for the ensuing term of the said office of mayor, such candidate to said office who shall have thus received the greatest number of votes ;

Who shall preside in the absence of the president.

18. If, at the time appointed for the election, either of the mayor of said town, or of one or two councillors for any ward of said town, on the day of nomination, or of the polling, the person appointed to preside at such election, be absent, then any such election shall be presided over by the senior justice of the peace present thereat, or in default of a justice of the peace being present thereat, by any person from the meeting, chosen by the majority of the electors present, and any justice of the peace or any other person acting as president of any municipal election of the said town, under the provisions of this section, shall take the oath of office required from the president of an election, and shall have the same powers, and shall be subject to the same obligations as the president of an election appointed by the council of the said town, under the provisions of this act."

Section 9, replaced.

8. Section nine of said act is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefor :

Notice to candidates elected.

"9. Within two days after the close of any poll, which shall have been held for the election of the mayor or of councillors for any ward of the said town, the president at any such poll, shall give to the candidate or candidates elected, notice of his or their election as mayor of the said town, or as councillor or councillors for any ward of the said town ;

Entry into office.

1. The mayor and councillors thus elected, shall respectively enter office at the first general or special session of the council of the said town, at the opening of such session ;

1st general session of the council.

2. The first general session of the town council of Lachine, after every general election of the said town, shall take place in the town hall, on the second Wednesday next following the day of the nomination of the mayor and councillors of the said town, at seven o'clock in the evening and in case that day be a holiday, then the said session, shall take place on the first juridical day ensuing, at the place and hour above mentioned ;

The newly elected shall take oath.

3. At any such first session, the mayor and councillors newly elected, shall respectively take the following oath

before a justice of the peace, or before a councillor who shall have not gone out of office :

" I , do solemnly swear faithfully to Oath.
 " fulfil the duties of mayor (or councillor) of the town
 " of Lachine, to the best of my judgment and ability : So
 " help me God ;"

4. The members of the council then present, provided they Members pre-
 form a majority of the said council, shall be authorized to act sent.
 as the council of the town of Lachine, and the newly elected
 members absent from such session, without just cause, Members ab-
 shall be held to have refused the office, and shall be liable sent without
 to the fine provided for in like cases, in the act aforesaid, just cause.
 unless they be persons who are exempted from serving ;

5. The members absent for reasonable causes, shall take Members ab-
 the oath above-mentioned, in the manner hereinbefore pre- sent with rea-
 scribed, at the first session of the council at which they sonable cause.
 shall be present, before the mayor or a councillor then
 in office ;

6. Four members of the council shall constitute a quorum ; Quorum.

7. The expenses of every election shall be defrayed out Expenses of
 of the funds of the corporation." election.

9. Sections eleven and twelve of said act are hereby Secs. 11 and 12,
 repealed, and the following substituted therefor : replaced.

" 11. Each president of election, appointed as afore- President of
 said, shall, before acting in such capacity, take before any election shall
 justice of the peace for the district of Montreal, the follow- take oath.
 ing oath : " I do solemnly make oath that I will faithfully Oath.
 " and impartially, to the best of my judgment and ability,
 " perform my duties as president of the election of the
 " mayor of the town of Lachine (or of two or one muni-
 " cipal councillors for any ward thereof, east,—centre—or
 " west—as the case may be :) So help me God."

" 12. The president of any municipal election of the said Refusal of the
 town, who shall refuse or neglect to fulfil all the duties of president to
 such office, after having taken his oath of office, shall be fulfill his
 liable to a penalty of not less than one hundred dollars, or office.
 to imprisonment not exceeding three calendar months." Penalty.

10. Section thirteen of said act is amended by substituting Section 13,
 for the words "at least once in each month" in the amended.
 first and second lines thereof, the following words "on the
 first Wednesday of each month, at seven of the clock in
 the afternoon,"—and by adding thereto the following sub-
 sections :

" 2. In case of an adjournment of a meeting of said coun- Notice of ad-
 cil for want of quorum, special notice of said adjournment journment by
 shall be given by the secretary-treasurer, to the members default of a
 of the council, who were not present at the time of the quorum.
 adjournment ;"

- Service of the notice. "3. Such notice must be served as aforesaid, at least twenty-four hours before the opening of such meeting, and in default of such notice being served within the delay hereinbefore determined, any proceeding adopted at such meeting thus adjourned, shall be invalidated."
- Section 14, amended. **11.** Section fourteen of said act is hereby amended by adding thereto the following sub-sections :
- Special meeting ; notice. "2. The notice calling a special meeting shall mention the matters to be taken into consideration, and no other matter or measure shall be discussed or adopted thereat ;
- Service of the notice. 3. Any notice calling a special meeting, must be served upon the members of the council entitled to such service, at least twenty-four hours before the opening of such meeting, and in default of such notice being served within such delay, any proceeding adopted at such special meeting shall be invalidated."
- Adjournment. **12.** Any general or special session can be adjourned by the council to any other hour of the same day, or to a subsequent day, without it being necessary to give notice of such adjournment to the members who were not present ; provided nevertheless, the members of said council present at such general or special session, be a quorum of said council ;
- Notice to whom given. 2. If the notice calling a special session, or the resolution ordering the adjournment of any session of said town council, does not mention the hour at which any such session shall be opened, in that case, any such session shall be opened at seven of the clock in the afternoon.
- Hour of the sessions. **13.** The mayor and the councillors of the said town shall, during the period of their office, be justices of the peace for the said town ; provided always, they shall not be bound to take any other oath than the official one, to act as such mayor or councillors, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.
- Mayor and councillors shall be justices of the peace. **14.** Within thirty days next following that upon which the general valuation roll of the said town shall have finally taken force and effect, as provided for by section twenty-five of the act aforesaid, the secretary-treasurer shall be bound to make out and prepare, for each ward of the said town respectively, an alphabetical list of the names of persons, who, according to the said roll, shall appear to be duly qualified as municipal voters for such ward respectively, as proprietors or tenants, under the provisions of this act, and the said secretary-treasurer shall certify the correctness of all such lists, under oath taken before the mayor of the said town, or, in his absence, before any other
- List of the municipal electors.
- Certificate of the sec.-treas.

justice of the peace, and he shall deposit such lists in the Deposit. office of the town council on the day following ;

2. In all cases when for any reason whatever, the elec- Default of a toral lists above mentioned, or any of them, shall not have list. been made out and prepared in the manner and delay above prescribed, the town council may order the secretary-treasurer to make out such lists within a further delay to be fixed by the said council ;

3. Within two juridical days next following that of the Notice of the deposit of the said alphabetical lists in the office of the town deposit of the council, the secretary-treasurer shall give public notice of list. such deposit, in the manner prescribed for the publication of the by-laws of the said town, which notice shall moreover mention that the said lists shall remain posted up in the said office, for the information and examination of the Delay of the interested parties during fifteen days next following that deposit. upon which the said lists shall have been deposited as aforesaid.

15. During the said fifteen days, every person who shall Complaints desire to have his name added on the or on any one of the and requests. said voters' lists, or every elector who shall desire to have one name or several names erased from such lists, shall prefer his request in writing and under his signature, stating the ward or wards to which he belongs, or to which belongs the person whose name he shall desire to be erased as aforesaid, and shall cause such request to be delivered to the secretary-treasurer on or before the last day of the delay hereinabove granted to prefer such request, and in case such last day be a non-juridical day, the said request shall be made in the aforesaid manner no later than the next following juridical day.

16. At seven o'clock in the evening of the last day the Revision of voters' list is to remain posted up in the office of the town the list by council, a board of revisors of the said list which shall be revisors. composed of three councillors to be specially appointed by the council for that purpose, at its general session held in the month of June, and if such general session has not been held, at a special session to be held within fifteen days from the time of the said general session, shall proceed to the revision and amendment, if required, of the said municipal voters' list ;

2. The three members of the board of revisors shall, in all cases, act together ;

3. Such councillor being a member of the said board as the other members of the board shall choose as president at the meeting, shall preside thereat ;

4. The revisors shall act as such, under their oath of office as councillors.

Hearing of claims.

17. The said revisors shall hear the persons who shall have made any claims and shall decide thereon; in case all the said lists shall not be then examined, they shall have the power to adjourn from day to day until the said lists shall be finally revised and settled;

Power of the president to examine under oath.

2. The person presiding the said board, shall have the power to examine upon oath all persons, respecting the said claims, and all matters connected with the revision of the said lists;

Decisions.

3. The said board, after having heard the best evidence of which the cases will admit, shall be bound and they are hereby required to decide upon the said municipal voters' lists, and to make to said lists the necessary additions or erasures respecting the claims to them submitted; they shall

Corrections.

have also the power to correct all errors, or to add anything accidentally omitted on the said lists; and the said lists so revised and settled, shall be signed by the person presiding

Signatures.

the said board, countersigned by the secretary of the said town, who shall act as secretary of the said board, and sealed with the town seal, and the same shall be the only correct lists of municipal voters; provided always, that the

Proviso:

name of no person shall be erased from any of the said lists, without such person being notified of the claim for that purpose and of his having had occasion to be heard respecting such claim; and provided also, that the said revisors shall hear no claim unless the same be made in writing within the delay above mentioned;

Duration of lists.

4. Such lists so revised shall remain in force till the time when the new lists of the municipal voters for the following year shall finally come into force;

In case lists not made out.

5. In case such lists be not made out or not exist at the time of any municipal election of the said town, such election shall not be prevented on that account, and the qualification of the electors shall be ascertained in such case, by the oath of the municipal elector and the valuation roll then in force in the said town, as provided by the provisions of this act.

Requirements necessary for an elector.

18. Whenever lists of municipal electors for the said town shall exist, no person shall have the right to have his vote registered in the poll book kept for the election of the mayor or of a councillor or councillors for any ward of the said town, unless the name of such person shall be inscribed on the list of the municipal electors for the ward in which such person is qualified, without prejudice nevertheless, to the provisions contained in any section of this act, as to the payment of the assessments and to the period of time of the residence of tenants within the limits of the said town.

19. The secretary-treasurer of the town of Lachine shall be bound to perform whatever it be his duty to perform under the provisions of the law respecting the jurors' list, and the list of parliamentary electors.

List of jurors and parliament electors.

20. Section twenty-five of the act aforesaid, is amended by substituting the words "one year" to the words "three years" in the twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth lines thereof.

Section 25, amended.

21. Section twenty-nine of said act is hereby repealed.

Section 29, repealed.

22. Sub-section five of section thirty-three of said act is hereby repealed, and the following sub-section five is substituted therefor:

Sub-sec. 5 of sec. 33, repealed.

"5. On every dog kept by persons residing in the said town, an annual sum not exceeding one dollar; and on every bitch kept by persons residing in the said town, an annual sum not exceeding two dollars."

Dogs.

23. Sub-section six of section thirty-three of said act is repealed, and the following sub-sections are substituted therefor:

Sub-sec. 6 of sec. 33, repealed.

"6a. It shall be lawful for the said town council to regulate by by-law or by-laws and to impose and levy an annual tax (to be called "the business tax") on hotel or tavern-keepers, brewers, distillers, merchants, traders, manufacturers, pedlars, bankers, brokers and money lenders, auctioneers, grocers, bakers, butchers, hucksters, pawnbrokers, livery stable keepers, on all persons hiring horses for towing boats, barges, rafts or for pulling or driving them from one place to another; carters, tanners, inspectors of ashes, pork, beef, flour, butter or other produce; on owners of horses, carriages, dogs; and on all traders and manufacturers and their agents, and on proprietors or managers of theatres, billiard rooms, ball alleys or other like games; and generally on all trades, manufactories, occupations, business, arts, professions or means of profits or of livelihood, whether hereinbefore enumerated or not, which now are or may hereafter be carried on, exercised, or in operation in the said town."

Power to impose business taxes.

"6b. To fix the amount of the commutation money payable by each person liable to statute labour on the highways in the said town; and to compel every person, so liable, to pay the amount of such commutation money so fixed, without his being allowed to offer his personal labor on the said highways instead thereof."

Commutation money and statute labor.

24. Every special tax imposed under the provisions contained in sub-sections 6a and 6b of the preceding section, may, in the discretion of the said council, be a fixed

Mode of imposing such tax.

annual rate on all or any of the several classes of persons subject to such tax, and on the real estate by them occupied for the purpose of their trade, business or manufacture; or a proportional tax to be determined by the said council according to the assessed annual value of the real estate or any part thereof, occupied as aforesaid, or according to the annual value of the rent of such real estate or any part thereof, occupied as aforesaid, by the persons liable to such tax, or by both modes at once, that is to say, a fixed tax on the persons liable to such tax, and a proportional tax on the real estate occupied as aforesaid; or only a fixed tax on such person, according as the said council may in each case consider it to be most advantageous to the said town. The said council may also, if they see fit, impose the said tax in the form of a license payable annually at such time, and under such conditions and restrictions as the said council may determine.

Licenses.

Power to make by-laws respecting chimneys.

25. The said council shall also have the necessary power to make by-laws :

1. To regulate the construction, dimensions, height and elevation of chimneys, and specially where any house or building is erected or elevated above any other house or building to which it may adjoin, or near which it may be; to determine by whom, at whose cost, in what manner, to what height, and within what delay the chimneys of the less elevated house or building shall be raised so as not to endanger the adjoining or neighbouring property and to prevent all hazard of accident or loss by fire;

Appointment of the necessary officers.

2. For appointing all such officers as the said council shall deem necessary for carrying into execution the by-laws of the council of the said town, and for prescribing their duties and powers, and providing for their equitable remuneration out of the funds of the said town;

To authorize officers to visit houses.

3. For authorizing such officers as the council shall appoint for that purpose, to visit and examine at suitable times and hours, to be determined by such by-law, the inside and outside of all houses, buildings and real property of any description, within the said town, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the by-laws to be passed as aforesaid have been duly observed and obeyed; and for obliging all proprietors, possessors or occupants of such houses, buildings or property, to admit such officers and persons at times and hours and for the purposes aforesaid.

To force the closing of barbers' shops on Sundays, &c.

26. The said town council shall moreover have the power to make by-laws for the following purposes, to wit :

1. To enforce the closing of barbers' shops and photographers' establishments in the said town, on Sundays;

2. To prohibit the selling, vending or retailing, by merchants, and mercertraders, pedlars, hawkers, petty chapmen, hotel-keepers, tavern-keepers, or persons, keeping houses or places of public entertainment in the said town, and all other persons, on Sunday, of goods, wares, merchandise, wines, spirits, or other strong liquors, or the purchasing or drinking thereof in any hotel, tavern or house or place of public entertainment in the town, by any person or persons; and also to enforce the closing of saloons and taverns in the said town, from eleven o'clock on Saturday evening until five o'clock on Monday morning following; and the said council may, by any such by-law, give power and authority to enter into all stores, shops, hotels, taverns or other houses or places of public entertainment of any description whatsoever, and all houses or places whatever in the said town, for the purpose of arresting on view any parties suspected of selling, vending, or retailing, or offering, or exposing for sale, or of purchasing or drinking, as aforesaid;
3. To punish any person who shall ill-use or cruelly treat any animal in the said town;
4. To prohibit the rearing, keeping or feeding of pigs within the limits of the said town, or within such sections of the said town, as the said council shall determine;
5. To authorize the seizure and confiscation, for the benefit of the said town or of the poor, of grain, flour, butter, potatoes and all other vegetables, articles and effects, offered for sale in the said town, for or on account of deficiency in measure, weight or quality, or any other good and sufficient cause;
6. To establish and regulate public markets and private butchers' or hucksters' stalls; and to regulate, license or restrain the sale of fresh meats, vegetables, fish or other articles usually sold on markets;
7. To establish, regulate and administer public slaughter-houses, either within or beyond the limits of the town, that is to say: within a distance of one mile from the limits of the said town, and prohibit the killing of any animal in any other place than in a public slaughter-house;
8. To determine the direction of all natural water-courses passing through private property in the said town, and to regulate all matters concerning the same, whether the said water-courses be covered or not, and to order and prescribe that any such water-course be covered either with wood or stone at the expense of all the persons interested in such watercourse;
9. To regulate the planting, rearing and preserving of ornamental trees in the streets, squares, parks and highways of the said town, and to compel any proprietor of land situate within the limits of the said town, to plant trees in front of and along the streets bordering his property, under

To prohibit selling liquors on Sundays.

Closing of saloons on Saturday evening, &c.

Arrest.

Cruelty to animals.

To prohibit the rearing, &c., of pigs.

For the confiscation of certain articles.

Markets.

Slaughter houses.

Water courses.

Plantations of trees.

the direction of the road surveyor of the said town, and to authorize the said surveyor to cause such plantation or any work necessary for the preserving of said trees to be made, and to exact the cost thereof from such proprietor in case the latter shall refuse or neglect to comply with such verbal order of the said surveyor.

Police force.

27. It shall be lawful for the said town council, by a resolution passed to that effect, to appoint, dismiss and replace, from time to time, when occasion shall require, one or more men to compose the police force of the said town, which may be established under the authority of the twentieth subsection of section thirty-four of the act hereby amended; and such men shall be sworn before any member of the council of the said town, or before any justice of the peace for the district of Montreal, to act as police officers or constables, in order to preserve peace within said town, to prevent larcenies and other misdemeanors, and to arrest any person breaking the peace, as also any person infringing upon any federal or provincial law, or upon any of the by-laws of the said town if such by-law contains a provision to that effect; and the said police officers or constables shall obey all orders from the said council, or from any justice of the peace residing in the said town; and all and every such police officers or constables shall be vested with all the necessary powers for the legal accomplishment of all duties imposed upon them by said council; and it shall be lawful for them to arrest on view and without a warrant any person they may find breaking the public peace, or lying or loitering either during night or day-time in any highway, field, yard or other place, or lodging or sleeping in any barn, out-house or other unoccupied building, or under any tent, cart or other vehicle, and not giving a satisfactory account of himself, as well as any person drunk or causing some tumult in the public streets or highways, by shouting, cursing or otherwise, and any person infringing upon any federal or provincial law, or any by-law of the said town; and it shall be also lawful for the said police officers or constables to arrest on view and without a warrant any such person immediately, or immediately after the commission of the offence, on good and sufficient information being given as to the nature of the offence; they shall have also the power and authority to arrest without a warrant, and on view, within the limits of the said town, all persons who shall have infringed upon any federal or provincial law, or any by-law of the said town as aforesaid, or who shall have advised, aided, or encouraged whomsoever to infringe upon any such federal or provincial law, or any such by-law, within the limits of the said town; they shall have the power and authority, within the limits of the said town,

Its powers.

to serve and execute all warrants and other proceedings Warrants, &c.
 for arresting and confining into gaol, of persons accused
 or detained for subsequent examination or for their trials,
 or arrested under a warrant of execution, for the com- Service and ex-
 mission of any crime or misdemeanor, or the violation ecution of war-
 of any federal or provincial law, or of any by-law of the rants.
 said town, and for the execution and the service of any such
 warrant, they shall be vested with the same powers and
 authorities as the constables, under the common law; it Power to enter
 shall be lawful for any police officer or constable of the said houses.
 town, to go into every house, store-house, grocery store,
 shop, inn or other suspicious house, and to go in every yard
 or other places within the limits of the said town, in which
 any person may be reasonably suspected to be for ill mo-
 tives, and if any such person be found in such places, the
 said police officers or constables, shall arrest on view and To arrest on
 without a warrant, and shall keep in custody any such per- view.
 son as in the case of other arrestations by such police officers
 or constables; they shall have also the power and authority To enter any
 to go into every inn, hotel, and in every licensed shop for hotel, &c.
 the sale of spirituous, vinous or fermented liquors, to ascer-
 tain whether the laws regulating such houses, or whether
 the by-laws, orders and ordinances which the said town coun-
 cil shall have established concerning such houses, be faithful-
 ly observed, and to arrest on view and without a warrant all
 persons found in every such house, in contravention of all
 such laws, by-laws, orders and ordinances, as aforesaid. It
 shall be lawful for the said police officers or constables, at any
 time, to go into every store house, shop or other houses not
 licensed for the sale of spirituous, vinous or fermented
 liquors, wherein they shall suspect such liquors are sold,
 and to arrest on view and without a warrant, every person
 contravening to the laws prohibiting the sale of spirit-
 uous, vinous or fermented liquors, without license; any Persons arrest-
 such persons so summarily arrested may be admitted to ed may give
 bail in the manner hereinafter provided, or be immedi- bail, or shall
 ately conveyed by the said police officers to the police be kept.
 station, or to any of the police stations of the said
 town, there to be safely kept until they may be taken
 before the mayor, a councillor, or other justice of the peace
 of said town; and in case the trial could not take place
 within forty-eight hours after such arrest as aforesaid,
 such persons so arrested may give bail or a sufficient re-
 cognizance, to be taken or received by the said mayor, coun-
 cillor, or other justice of the peace of the said town of La-
 chine, and shall appear on the day appointed, before the
 said mayor or other justice of the peace, and any recogni-
 zance so taken shall be subject to the same procedure for
 the forfeiture of the same, as any recognizance taken before
 a justice of the peace.

Encroachment
on roads, &c.

28. It shall be lawful for the said town council to notify any parties who may make or shall hereafter make encroachments upon the roads, streets and public squares of the said town, by means of houses, fences, fence doors opening on streets or side-walks, buildings, or obstructions of any kind, to cause the removal of such encroachments or obstructions, by giving such persons a reasonable delay for the purpose, which delay shall be specified by the road inspector of the said town, in giving his notice for and in the name of the corporation of the said town, and if such persons shall not have removed such encroachments or obstructions within the delay specified as aforesaid, the said corporation shall provide therefor according to law in such case.

Power to pass
by-laws.

29. The said council shall also have the power to make, amend or repeal by-laws, for the following objects :

Hog-sties, &c.

1. For regulating the building of hog-sties and privies ; for regulating the places where such hog-sties, privies and stables shall be built ; for obliging all persons to clean their stables, hog-sties, out-houses, sheds, privies and yards, at such times and in such manner as the council shall deem expedient ; for preventing deposits being made of deleterious substances or matters exhaling gas or infect odours in the said town, or for regulating the manner in which such deposits shall be made ;

Unhealthy de-
posits.

Dogs.

2. For preventing owners of dogs from allowing them to go free through the roads, streets and public squares of the said town, or for determining under which conditions they may be so allowed, or for prescribing that all dogs be licensed, and shall carry around its neck a dog-collar with a number legibly written (or engraved) upon a metallic medal attached to the said collar, to wit : the number which must be entered in said license, and for authorizing the killing of all dogs found in contravention with the by-laws of said council ;

Licenses.

Theatres, &c.

3. For regulating the manner in which shall be kept theatres, circuses, menageries or other like exhibitions, and submitting the same to a tax or duty ; and any duty imposed by any by-law made under this sub-section, may be levied, if not paid on demand, on all goods and chattels, found in the possession of any person connected with such theatre, circus, menagerie, or exhibition, under a warrant of attachment signed by the mayor or by a justice of the peace of the said town, and such warrant of attachment shall be made executory *instantly* without any other preliminary formality ; and for prohibiting any representation and exhibition which might injure public safety or morality ;

Police stations.

4. For establishing within the said town, one or more houses of confinement, police stations or other houses of

confinement, for the safe-keeping of any persons arrested for any infringement to law or to any by-law of the said council, until they may be brought before the mayor, or any councillor of the said town or before any justice of the peace for the district of Montreal, or conveyed to gaol, if there be reason to, after their conviction ;

5. For causing to be opened, digged, widened, covered and properly maintained all boundary ditches, common ditches, or all water-courses common to several lands, whether such lands are wholly or partly situated within the limits of the said town, as the said council shall deem necessary for the easier draining of any land situate within the said town, and for regulating when, in what manner, and by and at the cost of what person, such works shall be made ; and, in case the said council shall think it more advisable to cause the said works to be made at the common expense of the interested parties, they may assess the owners of all lands drained by such ditches or water-courses to such sums as shall have been required for that purpose, and that, in proportion with the assessed value of such lands, or the length of such ditches or water-courses upon such lands ; and for regulating the mode of collecting such assessments required for defraying such expenses for making or maintaining said ditches or water-courses, as well as the cost of any *procès-verbal*, if any be made ; and the said council may appoint one or more inspector of water-courses, regulate his or their duties and impose penalties not exceeding twenty dollars, or an imprisonment not exceeding one month, upon any person obstructing or deranging, or allowing to obstruct or derange such ditches or water-courses, or refusing to make or to allow to be made, all works ordered by the said inspector under the said by-laws ; provided, that it shall be lawful for the said council to take, for a period of time fixed by the said council by a by-law passed for that purpose, all the works connected with such water-courses and ditches, upon their charges, at their own expense, and under their responsibility, if they think it advisable ;

6. For authorizing the granting of licenses to carters, owners and drivers of public vehicles for hire, in and for the said town, and also for the good government of the owners and drivers thereof, and for establishing rules and by-laws in respect for carts, cabs, calashes, carriages or other public vehicles for hire, in and for the said town, and also for establishing a tariff of rates therefor, and for imposing a fine or penalty on any carter, &c., who shall exact in any manner whatsoever, a larger amount than that allowed by the said tariff, and to force any carter, owner and driver of public vehicles for hire, by means of penalties fixed by by-laws of the said town for that purpose, to grant their services to any person who shall require such services, and shall

Ditches, water courses, &c.

Tax for that end.

Inspectors of water-courses.

Penalty in case of contravention to his orders.

Proviso :

License to carters.

Their guidance.

Tariff.

offer to pay for the same the rate fixed in the said tariff by the said council ;

Division of the town in lots.

7. For dividing the town into lots, as to them shall seem advisable, and for compelling all owners and tenants of any lot to allow the numbers of such lots to be posted on their houses, or on such lots as well as the names or numbers of the streets and avenues of the said town, on such lots or houses which the said council may designate, under a fine not exceeding twenty dollars, or an imprisonment not exceeding one month, against any person who shall remove, destroy, attempt, aid, advise, or incite whomsoever to remove or destroy such numbers or names.

Names and numbers of streets.

Sale of lots in certain cases.

30. In all cases where any person, having been taxed in respect of any vacant ground or other real property in the said town, shall not reside within the said town, or, in all cases where sufficient chattels shall not be found to be seized for the payment of the taxes imposed upon any person in the said town in respect of any ground, building, or other immovable property belonging to such person, and if any such taxes remain unpaid for six months after the notice of the deposit of the collection roll of the said town shall have been given, then and in such case, it shall be lawful for the said council, on a report made to that effect by the secretary-treasurer, to authorize the said secretary-treasurer to sell or cause to be sold by public auction, at the office of the town council, in the manner hereinafter prescribed, the real properties, or any of such real properties which the said council shall designate by a resolution, so indebted unto the said council for municipal taxes.

List of lots to be sold.

31. The secretary-treasurer shall make out, from time to time, a list containing a sufficient designation of the properties the sale of which, by public auction, shall have been ordered by the said council as aforesaid, and he shall give within fifteen days after such order shall have been given, a public notice in the manner prescribed for the publication of the by-laws, of the day, hour and place where such sale by public auction shall take place, and such notice and copies thereof to be posted up, shall be respectively accompanied with a copy of the list of the properties to be so sold by public sale. The above public notice and the list which shall accompany it, shall be published twice in the French and English languages in the "Quebec Official Gazette," before such sale, and such sale shall not take place before fifteen days at least after the first insertion of the said notice and list in the said Official Gazette ; provided always, that all owners of real estates sold under the authority of this section, shall be allowed to resume possession of the same within the space of two years next after the date of such sale,

Notice.

Notice and list to be published in the Q. O. G.

Wright of resuming possession at certain conditions.

on paying to the purchaser the full amount of the purchase money, with legal interest thereon, and any necessary outlay which may have been made on the said property by order of the said council under this act; (on condition, however, that the said purchaser shall have kept the said property in the same state and condition in which it was at the time of the purchase, and shall not have damaged it or allowed it to deteriorate), and moreover the costs incurred to make such sale, and in addition five per centum over and above the interest as well on the amount of purchase money and costs as on the price of the said outlay; and provided also, that if after such sale of property, any surplus shall remain over and above the sum due to the said ^{Surplus.} council, for assessment and costs, such surplus shall be deposited by the said secretary-treasurer with the funds of the said town, to be subsequently handed over on demand, and without interest, to the person to whom the said property so sold belonged.

32. All municipal taxes and other municipal dues, shall ^{Interest on} bear interest at six per cent per annum, from the day of ^{taxes.} their being due; and it shall not be necessary that a special demand be made to that effect.

33. The said town council in the exercise of its powers and attributions, and the members and officers of the said council in the discharge of their respective duties, may use ^{English or} one or the other of the French and English languages, ^{French language may be} unless otherwise provided by any of the provisions of this act. ^{used.}

34. The foregoing provisions shall be held to form one ^{Interpretation} and the same act with the act of this province, thirty-six Victoria, chapter fifty-three, and any provision in the said act inconsistent with this act is hereby repealed.

35. This act shall come into force on the same being ^{Coming into} sanctioned. ^{force of this} ^{act.}

C A P . L X X I X .

An Act to incorporate the City of Hull.

[Assented to 23rd February, 1875.]

WHEREAS the rapid growth of that part of the Town-^{Preamble.}ship of Hull, known under the name of the Village of Hull, require that it be now incorporated under the name of the City of Hull; Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows: