

2. Every such person or prisoner shall be confined in such other prison, until he shall have been duly enlarged, according to law, or until he shall have been again brought back to the prison, whence he shall have been so transferred, to stand his trial before the proper court.

Duration of imprisonment after transfer.

2. A letter from the provincial secretary authorizing the transfer or return of the said prisoners or persons shall suffice, and in virtue thereof and of this act, the sheriff may transfer or bring back the said prisoners or persons, as the case may be, and he and his deputies, shall have, in relation to the said prisoners within the district to which they shall have been transferred, and within every district through which he shall pass with them, the powers which he or they possess in their own district; and the sheriff and the gaoler of the district, to the prison of which the prisoners are transferred, and their deputies shall have in relation to such prisoners, from the time of their being committed to the said sheriff or gaoler, the same powers which they would have possessed if the said prisoners had been in the first instance imprisoned within the gaol of the last mentioned district.

Letter of provincial secretary to suffice for transfer; subsequent powers of sheriffs and gaolers.

3. The lieutenant-governor in council may, when he shall deem the same expedient, order the construction in any district, of one or more prisons other than that already existing, or the acquisition or employment of one or more buildings suitable for the purpose to serve as gaols, and may declare such gaol or gaols, building or buildings to be common gaols and houses of correction for the said district, and any prisoner confined in any of the common gaols of such district, may be transferred therefrom, to any other common gaol of the said district, when the lieutenant governor deems it necessary, with the same effect, as if there had been but one common goal in the district, and any person arrested for any offence or crime, whose imprisonment shall have been ordered by competent authority, may be imprisoned in any of the common gaols of the said district.

Lieut.-Gov. may cause other gaols to be also common gaols for a district.

## CAP. X.

An Act respecting the Registry Offices in Montreal and Quebec.

[Assented to 24th December, 1870.]

WHEREAS, the apartments now occupied in the court houses of Montreal and Quebec by the registrars of the registration divisions of Montreal and Quebec respectively, have become insufficient since the plans and books of reference have been deposited in such two registry offices, and whereas there is no room in the said court-

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houses available to enlarge the said offices, and thereby facilitate public access to the said plans and books of reference ;

Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows :

Lieut.-Gov. in council may order the building or purchase of registry offices in Quebec and Montreal.

1. The lieutenant-governor in council may order the construction, within the limits of the cities of Quebec or Montreal, as the case may be, of a building or edifice to avail as a registry office for either or both of the registration divisions of Quebec or Montreal, and may also order the purchase, or lease, or the use of a building or edifice suitable for the purpose aforesaid.

Transfer of office to be declared by proclamation,

2. When the lieutenant-governor is convinced, that a fire-proof vault, for the purpose of containing in safety the books and papers of the registry office, has been constructed to his satisfaction or exists within the said building or edifice and that the said building or edifice is prepared for the reception of the said registry office, the said lieutenant-governor in council, may declare by proclamation, that the registry office of the registration division of Quebec or Montreal, as the case may be, shall be transferred and kept in such edifice or building, either permanently or temporarily, from the day which shall be appointed in the said proclamation.

## C A P . X I .

Act to amend the law relating to the Recorder's Court of the City of Quebec.

[Assented to 24th December, 1870.]

HER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislature of Quebec, enacts as follows :

Summoning of persons indebted to the city within the limits of the province.

1. The Recorder's Court of the city of Quebec may summon to appear before it any person residing within the limits of the province of Quebec, who may be indebted to the corporation of the said city for assessments, taxes or municipal dues of whatsoever nature ;

Delay of summons ;

2. When the defendant resides outside the limits of the said city, the delay between the day of service and that of the return of the writ of summons before the said court, shall be one day for every fifteen miles distance between the domicile of the defendant and the said city. The fraction of a mile shall not be computed ;

By whom served ;

3. If the defendant resides within the limits of the district of Quebec, the service may be made by any bailiff of the said court or of the superior court ;

